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Study Highlights Importance of Food Cold Chain in Reducing Food Waste GHG Emissions

Paris, France (December 4, 2015) — A study released today by the Global Food Cold Chain Council (GFCCC) highlights the importance of refrigeration technology in reducing greenhouse gas emissions associated with food waste. According to a study by Bio Intelligence Service, a member of the Deloitte network¹, expansion of the food cold chain in developing countries could reduce net food waste greenhouse gas emissions by 180-550 million tons of CO2 equivalent annually between now and 2050, representing more than a 50% reduction in the carbon footprint of food waste currently due to the lack and/or inefficiencies of cold chains². GFCCC Executive Director Kevin Fay said, "It is important that we remain focused on all aspects of potential for greenhouse gas emissions reduction, especially those associated with food waste. Technology offers substantial savings today and in the future as new innovations evolve."

In 2013, the United Nations Food & Agriculture Organization (FAO) concluded that if food waste were a country³, it would be the third highest emitter of greenhouse gases in the world, second only to China and United States. The GFCCC was organized under another initiative of the United Nations, the Climate and Clean Air Coalition (CCAC), to address the potential for reducing the contribution of hydrofluorocarbons (HFCs) as a component of HFC climate policy. GFCCC Executive Director Fay emphasizes that there are significant opportunities for reducing greenhouse gas emissions from this sector by expanding the cold chain, particularly in developing countries, improving the energy efficiency of the equipment being utilized, and transitioning the equipment from relying on high-global warming potential HFCs, to low-global warming potential (GWP) compounds and technologies, including HFO's, carbon dioxide, hydrocarbons and ammonia. The Deloitte study was tasked with identifying net benefits and impacts that took in to account energy consumption and HFC emissions as a result of cold chain expansion.

The GFCCC was organized to address the usage of HFCs, and its member companies remain committed to this effort, but has also examined the benefit of additional savings in the sector. The Council is supporting a proposed amendment to the Montreal Protocol treaty to facilitate the transition away from high-GWP HFC technology. In addition, it is encouraging policymakers to improve capacity building for developing countries to understand the benefits of cold chain expansion in reducing food waste and thereby significantly enhancing the environmental benefits. The food cold chain consumes about 20% of global HFC usage currently, and energy consumption by the technology is an important factor in its overall GHG contribution. "Effective policy approaches that capture the food waste reduction, improve energy efficiency, and transition away from high-GWP HFCs provide an overwhelmingly cost-effective GHG reduction initiative," said Fay, "that also helps reduce hunger and improve more effective utilization of precious water supplies."

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This is an extract of a complete study that was prepared by BIO Intelligence Service for the Global Food Cold Chain Council ("GFCCC") with support from United Technologies ("UTC"). This

² This is an extract of a complete study that was prepared by BIO Intelligence Service for the Global Food Cold Chain Council ("GFCCC") with support from United Technologies ("UTC"). This study presents an assessment of the potential of the cold chain sector to reduce GHG emissions through food loss and waste reduction. The study was prepared for GFCCC's and UTC's use to meet specific requirements and may not be used by any third party independent of the GFCCC and UTC engagement without permission from BIO Intelligence Service.

FAO, 2013. Food Wastage Footprint Impacts on natural resources – Technical Report. Available at: http://www.fao.org/docrep/018/ar429e/ar429e.pdf

The study was performed by Bio Intelligence Service, the same firm that performed the original groundbreaking work for the FAO in 2013. GFCCC is now encouraging follow-on work in conjunction with the CCAC, and key government bodies, to expand on the analysis and to help identify policy proposals that help achieve these objectives, particularly in developing countries. The Council will also work to expand participation among industry worldwide and throughout the cold chain, which includes transport, food processing, storage, and retail components.

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About the Global Food Cold Chain Council

At the September 2014 United Nations Secretary-General's Climate Summit held in New York City, a coalition of major companies from the supply chain necessary to move cold food products from field to market around the world announced the organization of GFCCC. This initiative seeks to reduce greenhouse gas emissions in the processing, transportation, storage and retail display of cold food and to stimulate global demand for energy-efficient low-GWP technology. A food cold chain using low-GWP technologies will reduce its own carbon footprint while better protecting food supplies to feed more people. GFCCC's mission is to simultaneously reduce food waste and its related emissions by expanding and improving the food cold chain.

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